



Towards a new CBD Strategy 2021-2030

**Welcome to the third international workshop
28 November 2018
Sharm El-Sheikh/Egypt**

Guenter Mitlacher

Director International Biodiversity Policy
CBD Focal Point, WWF Germany

guenter.mitlacher@wwf.de

Axel and Cornelia Paulsch

Institute for Biodiversity –Network (ibn)

paulsch@biodiv.de; cornelia.paulsch@biodiv.de

Project overview

1. Project web page with updated information

<http://www.biodiv.de/en/projekte/aktuell/cbd-strategy.html>

2. Project design

- take assessments of ABT from IPBES + literature
- use SDG 14 progress reports + conference results
- conduct a Horizon Scanning exercise and reach out to a wider expert group for evaluation and priorities
- three international workshops with stakeholders
- side events at SBSTTA, SBI, and COP-14 in Egypt

3. Aim is to develop a discussion paper with stakeholder consultations to provide input to the deliberations up to COP-15 (Germany holds EU presidency in 2020)

Supported by:



Federal Ministry
for the Environment, Nature Conservation
and Nuclear Safety

based on a decision of the German Bundestag

Recap of the first international workshop

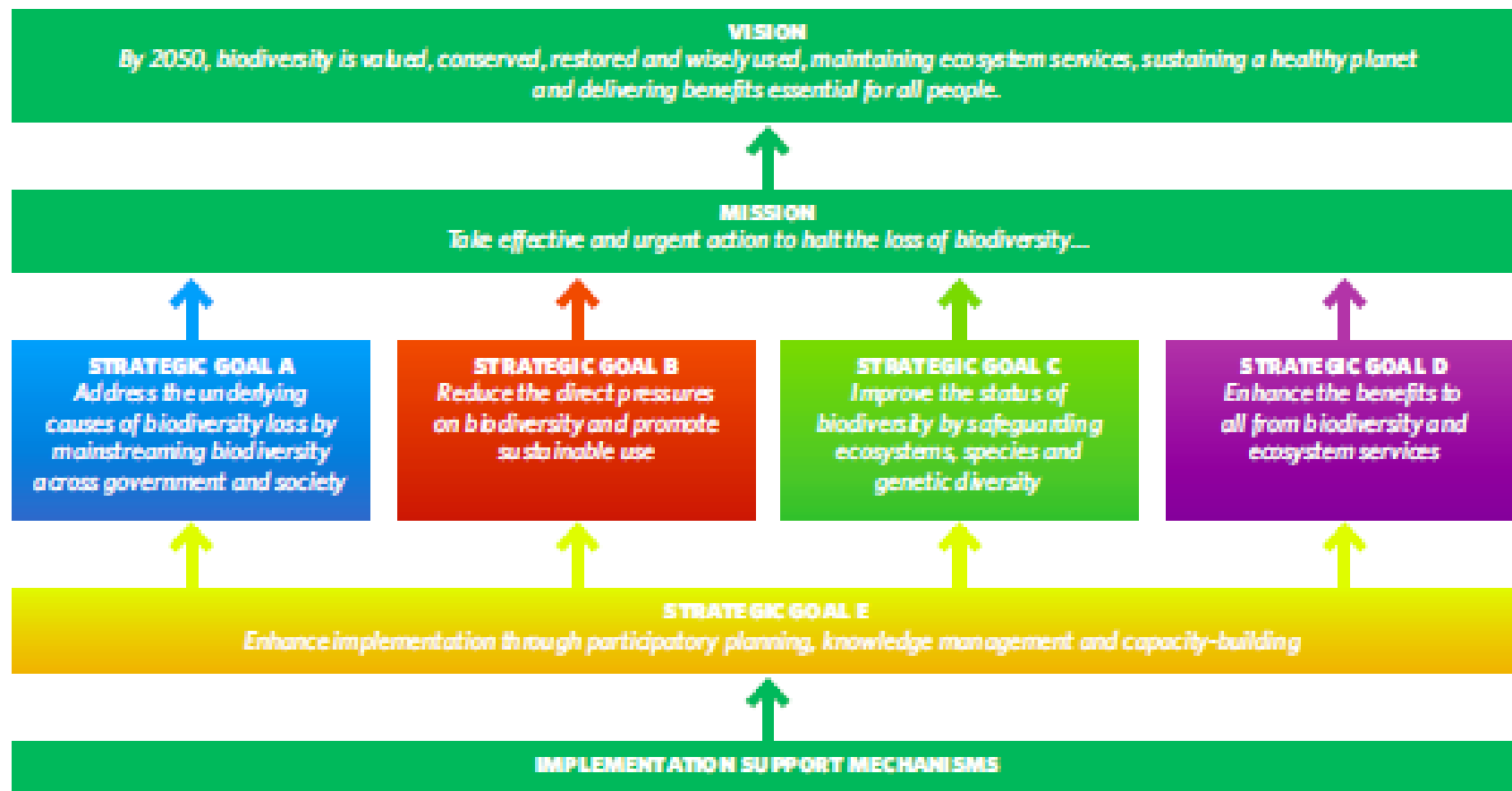


Figure 0.1. This diagram shows the structure of the Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011–2020. Progress towards a 2050 Vision is achieved through a 2020 Mission. In turn, the Mission is addressed through five Strategic Goals under which the 20 Aichi Biodiversity Targets are organized, and supported by implementation mechanisms. The Strategic Plan serves as a flexible framework for the establishment of national and regional targets and it promotes the coherent and effective implementation of the three objectives of the Convention on Biological Diversity.

Recap of the second workshop

➤ Discussion on targets

A) group of enabling targets: 1, 2, 3, 4

B) group of conservation outcome
targets: 5, 9, 11, 12, 13

C) group of driver-oriented
targets: 6, 7, 8, 10, 14, 15

➤ Milestone proposals

Recap of the second workshop

➤ Discussion on governance issues

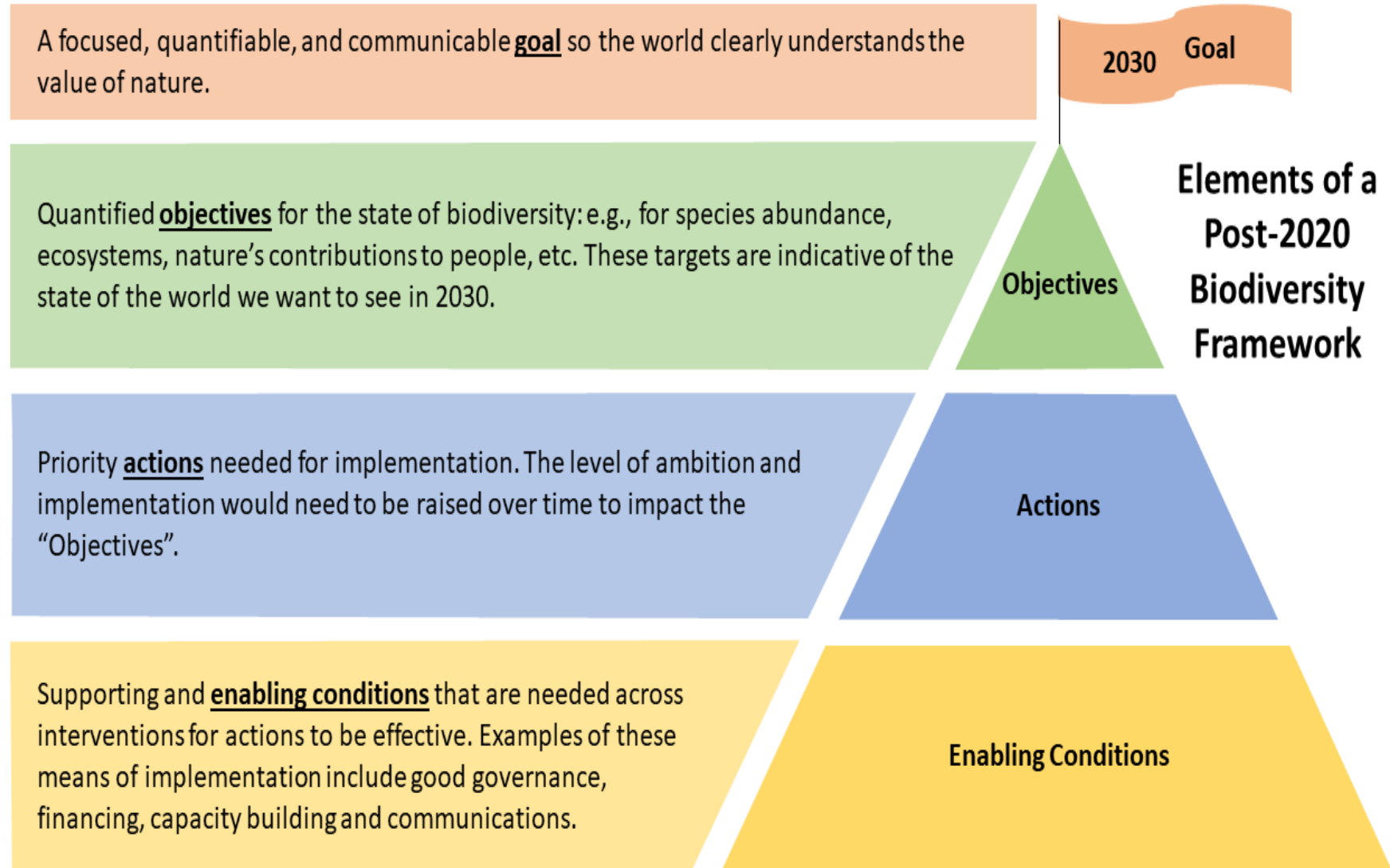
- Role of NBSAP
- Potential role of a NDC-like mechanism
- Policy coherence with SDG and other biodiversity-related conventions
- Ratcheting mechanism



Framing and modus operandi

The third workshop aims to exchange views on how to address the request in CBD/SBI/REC/2/19, para 7: civil society organizations are invited to submit by 15 December 2018 INITIAL VIEWS “on the aspects of the SCOPE AND CONTENT of the post-2020 global biodiversity framework, including (a) THE SCIENTIFIC UNDERPINNING of the scale and scope of actions necessary to make progress towards the 2050 Vision; and (b) a POSSIBLE STRUCTURE for the post-2020 biodiversity framework

b) Possible structure



a) Scope and Content

**Conservation outcome targets:
5, 9, 11, 12, 13**



habitat loss



invasive alien species



protected areas



threatened species



genetic diversity

a) Scope and Content

Driver-oriented targets: 6, 7, 8, 10, 14, 15



Aquatic biodiversity management



Agriculture, aquaculture, forestry



pollution from various sources



Climate change impact



Ecosystem services cons/restore



Restoration / ecosystem resilience

a) Scope and content

Enabling targets: 1, 2, 3, 4



CEPA



national accounting/reporting



harmful subsidies



sustainable production /consumption

a) Scope and Content



resource mobilization



knowledge, science, innovation



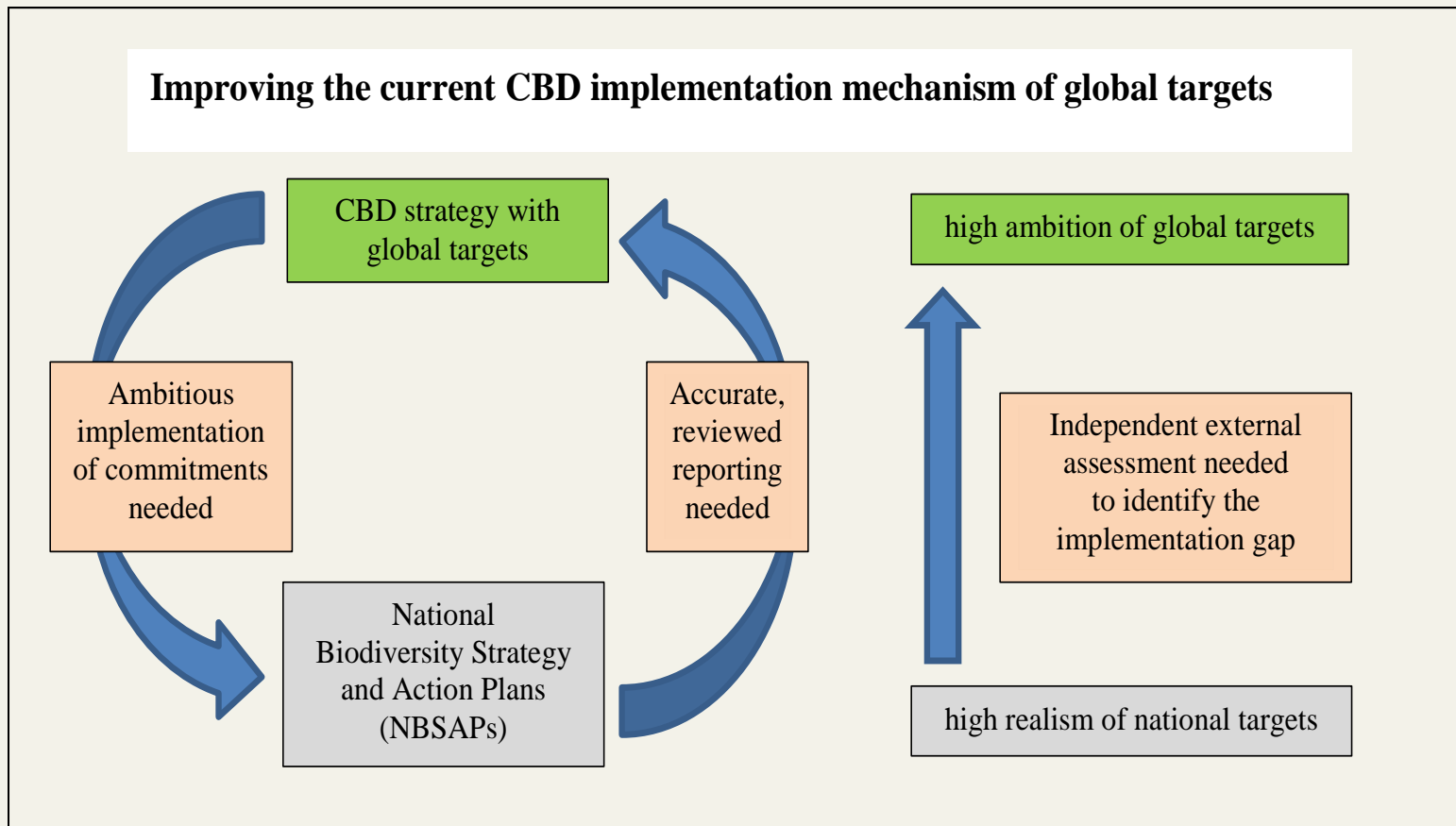
traditional knowledge, IP's practices

other enabling conditions ! ?

a) Scope and Content



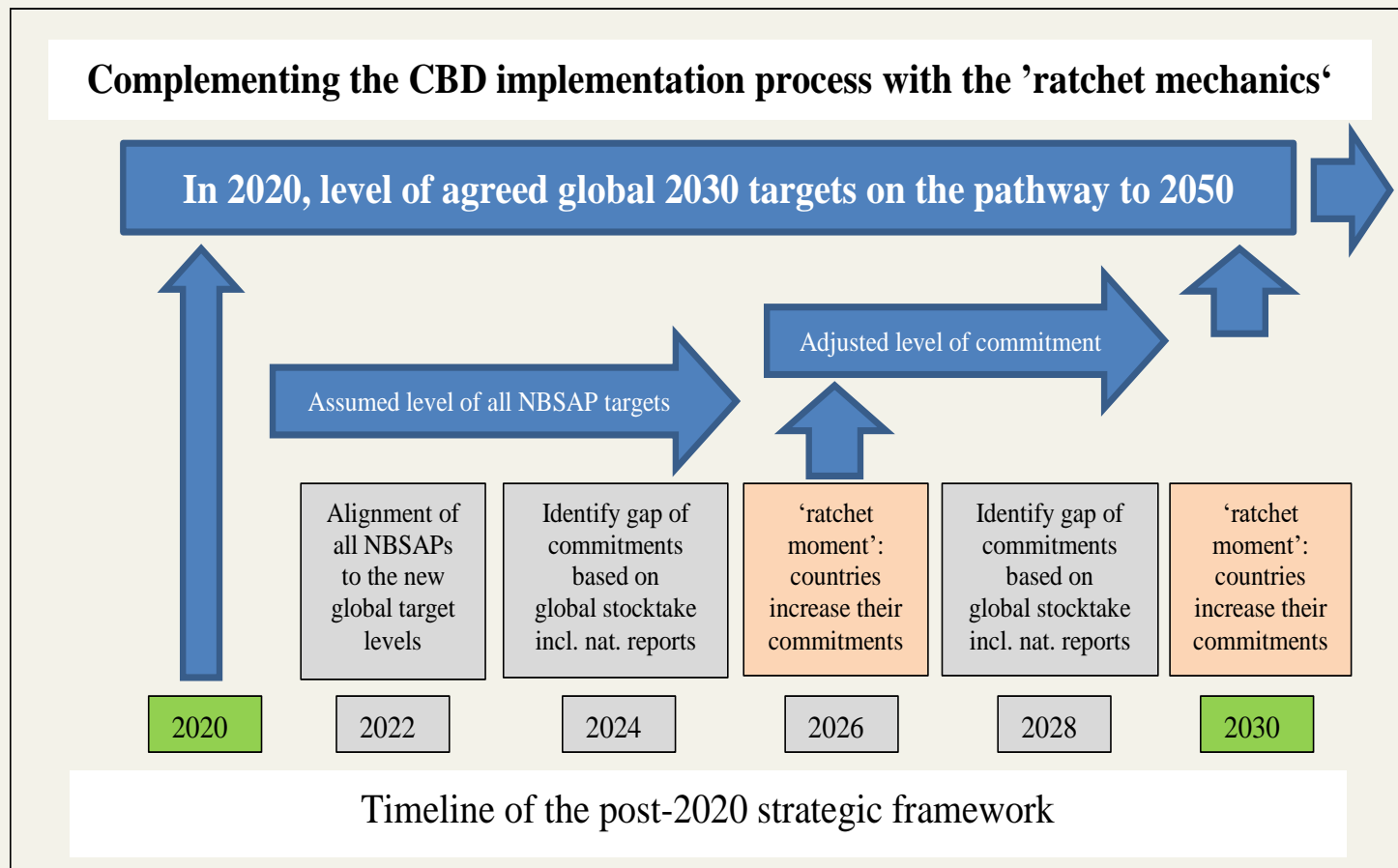
implementation mechanism: - NBSAP, reporting, gap analysis



a) Scope and Content



implementation mechanism: - ratchet mechanics



a) Scope and Content

The two protocols

Nagoya Protocol



Cartagena Protocol

Additional content from Workshop 2

- ‘integrated spatial land-use planning’
- ‘environmental justice /human rights’
- ‘synergies’ with biodiversity-related conventions, Rio Conventions and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development with the SGDs

a) Scope and Content

Any other relevant content proposed

- **Biodiversity and health.**
- **Reducing environmental corruption.**
- **Linkage of natural and cultural diversity.**
- **Establishment of an accountability and compliance mechanisms to better track implementation.**
- **Disclosure of financial risks from biodiversity loss by investors and companies.**

All reports of the workshops, presentations, and other information on the project can be accessed on the following website

<http://www.biodiv.de/en/projekte/aktuell/cbd-strategy.html>